



Bhutan:

19 Sept: Anthrax kills calf

Anthrax has been suspected for the death of a year and a half old bull in Dagana on September 15. Sample examined in the district veterinary hospital tested positive of anthrax and that it would be sent to National Centre for Animal Health for further examination. The carcass was buried using proper anti-septic, sodium bicarbonate.

[\[more\]](#)

19 Sept: Foot and mouth disease outbreak in Tashigang District

An outbreak of Foot and Mouth Disease (FMD) has been reported in Luzang village under Sakteng Geog and Khilphu village under Merak Geog in Tashigang Dzongkhag as per the flash report sent by the Dzongkhag Livestock Office Trashigang. About 50 cattle are affected and there are no deaths reported so far. [\[more\]](#)

India:

16 Sept: Twenty five years after dog bite, man gets, dies of rabies

A 48-year-old man from Karnataka working in Goa was diagnosed with rabies 25 years after the dog bite he received, Annals of Indian Academy of Neurology has reported in its latest issue. The unusual case has been recorded at the Goa Medical College (GMC) and hospital, Bambolim. [\[more\]](#)

16 Sept: Scrub typhus has claimed 30 lives

A rare disease suspected to be of 'scrub typhus' has claimed 30 lives, in Alwar district of Rajasthan this season. Another six have died due to a disease with similar symptoms in Dausa. Concerned over the high death count recorded since August 22 this year, the health department has sought the help of National Centre for Disease Control (NCDC) based in New Delhi. [\[more\]](#)

Pakistan:

17 Sept: Pakistan begins culling over 21,000 diseased Australian sheep

Sindh government officials decided Sunday to cull more than 21,000 imported Australian sheep and the process of killing the animals and burying them started late at night. The government took the decision after reports from a second laboratory confirmed that the animals were diseased. [\[more\]](#)

Neighboring countries:

China:

18 Sept: Highly pathogenic avian influenza: Immediate notification sent to OIE

The new outbreak started on 11/09/2012 in Dongjian, Zhanjiang, Guangdong region and continuing. The outbreak's apparent mortality and case fatality rates were 8.54% and 44.84% respectively. Harbin Veterinary Research Institute (OIE's Reference Laboratory) confirmed the outbreak as H5N1 on 18/09/2012. Control measures are being applied without vaccination. [\[more\]](#)

13 Sept: Foot and mouth disease type "O" outbreak: Follow up report no. 2 sent to OIE

The outbreak was first reported on 06/09/2012 and still continuing affecting cattle and swine from Muyu, Bomi, Tibet. All infected cattle and swine has been destroyed and controlled measures are being applied including quarantine, movement control inside the country, screening, zoning and vaccination in response to the outbreak.

[\[more\]](#)