

ECTAD South Asia Weekly Animal Disease E-Information

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BANGLADESH

29 Jan 2014: Bangladesh to sign deal with Myanmar on non traditional security threats

Bangladesh and Myanmar are planning to sign a deal to hold dialogue on regular basis on non traditional security threats like climate change, environment disaster, natural calamities, epidemic, illegal movement of people and drugs, an official said. Both the countries can work together to reduce the impact of climate change and jointly face epidemic like bird flu or any other contagious diseases, which are threat to both countries, he added. [read more](#)

INDIA

25 Jan 2014: Rs 76 crore allocation for market intervention of Kerala

Market intervention strategies and combating foot and mouth disease (FMD) in cattle were among the major concerns in the 2014-15 budget for the Food and Civil Supplies and the Animal Husbandry Departments. [read more](#)

24 Jan 2014: Nagpur resident dies of rabies

Fifty six year old man from Nagpur died of rabies at Naidu hospital in Pune. This is the second death registered due to rabies by the PMC this year. Out of the 19 cases of rabies death registered by the PMC last year, six were from Pune city. The civic body has now started a ward wise programme of sterilisation and vaccination of dogs, and from September till date, more than 3,000 dogs have been sterilized. [read more](#)

12 Jan 2014: Vaccination drive against Japanese encephalitis in Assam

The health department will launch a statewide adult vaccination drive against Japanese encephalitis (JE) from 10-19, February in seven districts of the state affected by JE. In the recent years, 152 deaths due to Japanese encephalitis were reported in a year, but unofficial figures of death caused by the dreaded disease may be about 200. Every year, about 1,000 people suffer from JE in the state. [read more](#)

NEPAL

27 Jan 2014: Training on spatial epidemiology

As many as 20 Nepali veterinarians, scientists and specialists recently participated in a five day workshop on the use of Global Positioning Systems (GPS) and Geographic Information Systems (GIS). Two specialists had come from the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) to hold the programme, according to the US Embassy in Kathmandu. The participants are working on the issues related to spread of diseases and zoonosis. The workshop was supported by the Food and Agriculture Organization's Regional Support Unit in Kathmandu. [read more](#)

23 Jan 2014: Thirty six cattle die due to unidentified disease in Maygdi district

Cattle have started dying due to an unidentified disease at Lulang VDC in Maygdi. So far 42 cows, buffaloes and oxen have died of the mystery disease at Lulang, Lamsung and Khorriya villages of the VDC, according to the locals. The cattle's legs are swollen and they refuse to eat grass, farmers said. The cattle died after a while after showing these symptoms. [read more](#)

PAKISTAN

26 Jan 2014: Foot and mouth disease vaccination drive in Lakki district

The district livestock department launched vaccination drive after foot and mouth disease spread in Lakki city and adjacent rural localities. The disease affected a number of quadrupeds in the urban and rural areas and increased the concerns of cattle keepers. Cattle keepers from Lakki city and villagers were seen visiting the veterinary health facility in Lakki city along with their affected animals. [read more](#)

Neighboring countries: CHINA

29 Jan 2014: Six new human cases of A(H7N9)

On 27 January 2014, the National Health and Family Planning Commission of China notified WHO of six additional laboratory confirmed cases of human infection with avian influenza A(H7N9) virus including one death. The source of infection is still under investigation. So far, there is no evidence of sustained human-to-human transmission. All patients have had a history of exposure to poultry. [read more](#)

26 Jan 2014: Two new outbreaks of A(H7N9) in poultry

Two new H7N9 outbreaks have been reported by authorities of Peoples Republic of China to OIE in follow-up report 11. From the first outbreak reported in Guangdong, all 185 specimens (chicken) were collected and only two specimens tested positive. From the second new outbreak in Fujian all 220 specimens (89 chickens, 53 pigeons, 22 ducks and 56 environment specimens) were collected and only one environment specimen tested positive from Meiling agriculture product market. The outbreak is continuing. Since 4/4/2013, Chines authorities have reported 25 A(H7N9) outbreaks to OIE. [read more](#)

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