



ECTAD South Asia Weekly Animal Disease E-Information

Regional Support Unit and Emergency Centre for Transboundary Animal Diseases for South Asia, FAO, Nepal

FAO NEWS

13 Aug 2015: FAO and its partners accelerate the process of rinderpest virus destruction and sequestration in Africa

Rinderpest, or "cattle plague", is an acute, highly contagious disease affecting several species of wild and domestic cloven-hoofed animals, notably cattle and buffalo. It killed millions of cattle over the millennia in Africa, Asia and Europe and was officially declared eradicated in 2011 at conferences of The World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE) and of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). Following these historical celebrations the Member States of the African Union (AU) recommended that all African countries should destroy their rinderpest virus stocks or send them to a FAO-OIE approved Rinderpest Holding Facility. [read more](#)

INIDA

07 Aug 2015: Over 19,000 stray dogs sterilised in last three years: NDMC

Alarmed over "increasing" number of stray dogs in its jurisdiction, North Delhi Municipal Corporation on Friday said over 19,000 canines were sterilised and immunised in the last three years and all possible steps are being taken to prevent dog bites or rabies cases. "The figures are April 2012 to March 2013 -- 5069; April 2013 to March 2014 -- 5722; April 2014 to March 2015-- 6746; and April to June 2015-- 1591," he said. [read more](#)

NEPAL

Jul 2015: Nepal earthquakes - Post Disaster Needs Assessment Executive Summary

The report presents a comprehensive post disaster needs assessment exercise, launched simultaneously with response and relief efforts at the request of the Government of Nepal, with the objective to estimate damages and losses caused by the earthquake and to help identify recovery needs as well as strategy required for its implementation. The assessment exercise was led by the National Planning Commission (NPC) with assistance of more than 250 national and international experts who worked round the clock to produce this assessment covering 23 sectors in less than one month. [read more](#)

OTHER

07 Aug 2015: Coronavirus rampant due to camels: WHO

The World Health Organization (WHO) has attributed the lack of control over the MERS coronavirus in the Kingdom, compared to South Korea which got rid of the disease completely within two months, to camels. Christian Ndmir, WHO spokesman, said: "In the Kingdom, camel is the animal source that causes coronavirus outbreak, although the virus is transmitted by infected persons who are often in health care facilities, such as hospitals and medical clinics." In contrast, there was one source for the disease outbreak in South Korea, represented in an infected individual returning from the Middle East with coronavirus, therefore, it was somehow easier to break the chain of transmission there, Ndmir said. [read more](#)

11 Aug 2015: Foot And Mouth Disease (FMD) Vaccines Industry Global Market Trends, Analysis, Size, Growth, Estimation, Segmentation And Forecast Reviews 2015

The Global Foot and Mouth Disease (FMD) Vaccines Industry 2015 Market Research Report is a professional and in-depth study on the current state of the Foot and Mouth Disease (FMD) Vaccines industry. The report provides a basic overview of the industry including definitions, classifications, applications and industry chain structure. The Foot and Mouth Disease (FMD) Vaccines market analysis is provided for the international markets including development trends, competitive landscape analysis, and key regions development status. Development policies and plans are discussed as well as manufacturing processes and cost structures are also analyzed. This report also states import/export consumption, supply and demand Figures, cost, price, revenue and gross margins. The report focuses on global major leading industry players providing information such as company profiles, product picture and specification, capacity, production, price, cost, revenue and contact information. Upstream raw materials and equipment and downstream demand analysis is also carried out. [read more](#)

12 Aug 2015: Early Disease Detection Protects Countries From Disaster

Public health, animal health and security sectors must speak with one voice on the need to strengthen health systems, according to the World Organization for Animal Health (OIE). All around the world, animal disease agents, including those transmissible to humans, have the potential to escape by accident from laboratories or to be used as biological weapons because of their wide ranging economic, health and social impacts, their low cost and their ready availability. The OIE Global Conference on Biological Threat Reduction, held in collaboration with the World Health Organization (WHO), brought together key actors from international organisations and national governments to agree on priority actions and common messages. The participants who represented the public health, animal health, ecosystem health, and security sectors included educators, policy and decision makers, scientists, security officers, veterinarians and medical doctors. [read more](#)